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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09-601,037		07:26:2000	ALES PODGORNIK	P65728US0	4337	
136	7590	12/04/2002				
		IAN PLLC	EXAMINER			
400 SEVENTH STREET N.W. SUITE 600				THERKORN,	THERKORN, ERNEST G	
WASHING	ION, DC	20004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1723	i I	
				DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002	//	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	_	Ĥ:
		Application No. Applicant(s)
	Office Action Summary	09/601,037 PODGURNIK
	Office Action Cummary	Examiner Art Unit
		THERKORY 1723
		ars on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
A SH THE N Extens mailing If the p	g date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply with	. In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the nin the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. ply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
	aph; received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date finatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1-704°bt.	of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status	•	1 0 10
1) 🗙	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	un 1 doct
		action is non-final.
31	Since this application is in condition for allowand closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex</i>	parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
	ition of Claims	
4) \	Claim(s)	is/are pending in the application.
Í	43 Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5	Calmis)	s/are allowed.
e X	Claimis 2 = 42	is/are withdrawn from consideration. is/are allowed. is/are rejected.
7)	Claim(s)	ıs/are objected to.
8:		are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Applica	ation Papers	
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/	(are a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
		ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
1	The proposed drawing correction field on	
	1.445 ved corrected drawings are required in rep	
12:	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	
	. Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
,	X A b Some or None of:	
,	Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received
	Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application No
	3 Y Copies of the certified copies of the priorit	y documents have been received in this National Stage
	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	
14	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for dome:	
15)	The translation of the foreign language provision Acknowledgement is made of a claim for dome	
Attachn	•	stic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.
	nertis) The Charles and English with	t entersies Summar, 970-413 Paper No.s.
	introport (Fraftuperson's Paterit Drawing Review - PTO 948	5 Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	A control for the control of the con	Ct. Oth .

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the matter in which the invention was made

Claims 21-34, 36, 40, and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5.728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5.019.270). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in reciting use of two components and use of a multimodal pore size distribution. Frechet (5.728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition. Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5.019.270) (column 16, lines 3-18 and column 7, lines 46-50) discloses that use of a multimodal pore structure in a membrane-like structure increases surface area. It would have been obvious to use two components and a multimodal processing in Josic (WO 10.00158) because Frechet (5.728, 157) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) (column 16, lines 3-18 and column 7, lines

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46-50) discloses that use of a multimodal pore structure in a membrane-like structure increases surface area.

Claims 35, 39, and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) as applied to claims 21-34, 36, 40, and 42 above, and further in view of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) in reciting use of a helical distributor. Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 5, line 70-column 6, line 2) discloses that use of a helical distributor provides improved characteristics. It would have been obvious to use a helical distributor in Josic (WO 96,06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) because Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 5, line 70-column 6, line 2) discloses that use of a helical distributor provides improved characteristics.

Claims 35 and 37-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) as applied to claims 21-34, 36, 40, and 42 above, and further in view of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) in reciting a perpendicular bore and a groove for an Oring. Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, line 74-column 4, line 5) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to a helical path. Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, lines 55-59) discloses that annular grooves secure O-rings. It would have been

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obvious to use a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring in Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457) and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) because Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, line 74-column 4, line 5) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to a helical path and because Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) (column 3, lines 55-59) discloses that annular grooves secure O-rings.

Claims 37, 38, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457), Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) as applied to claims 35, 39, and 41 above, and further in view of Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). At best, the claims differ from Josic (WO 96 06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457), Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), and Afeyan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) in reciting a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring. Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 4, lines 55-67) discloses a perpendicular bore allows connection to an annular channel. Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 5, lines 23-25) discloses an annular groove allows positioning of O-rings. It would have been obvious to use a perpendicular bore and a groove for an O-ring in Josic (WO 96/06158) in view of Frechet (5,728,457), Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), and Afevan (U.S. Patent No. 5,019,270) because Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 5, lines 23-25) discloses an annular channel and Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) (column 5, lines 23-25) discloses an annular groove allows positioning of O-rings.

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Claims 39 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(B) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). The claims are considered to read on Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). However, if a difference exists between the claims and Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990), it would reside in optimizing the elements of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990). It would have been obvious to optimize the elements of Litle (U.S. Patent No. 3,483,990) to enhance separation.

Claim 40 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(B) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). The claim is considered to read on Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). However, if a difference exists between the claim and Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918), it would reside in optimizing the elements of Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918). It would have been obvious to optimize the elements of Saxena (U.S. Patent No. 4,627,918) to enhance separation.

The remarks urge patentability based upon the allegation that use of two compositions in a tube would not have been obvious. However, Frechet (5,728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition. In addition, Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 19-22) discloses that a polymer body having 2 to 4 different chemical compositions disposed in a stepwise gradient is presently the most practical. Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 26-28) discloses that the body may be any form or shape depending on the end use of the body. As such, it would have been obvious to make Josic (WO 96/06158)'s tube two layers of different chemical compositions because Frechet

(5.728,457) (column 2, lines 22-34 and column 6, lines 7-25) discloses that it is advantageous to have steps of different chemical composition; Frechet (5,728,457) (column 6, lines 19-22) discloses that a polymer body having 2 to 4 different chemical compositions disposed in a stepwise gradient is presently the most practical; and Frechet (5.728,457) (column 6, lines 26-28) discloses that the body may be any form or shape depending on the end use of the body.

The remarks appear to urge that claims 39-41 have a tube limitation. However, the "for use" limitation of claims 39-41 would not appear require use of a tube. The claims are considered to be directed to a housing, an end fitting, and a collecting element of general applicability.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1 130(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this

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final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to E. Therkorn at telephone number (703) 308-0362.

Ernest G. Therkorn Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723

EGT/12 November 26, 2002